

200712159 93-2768 RV Series Inverter-Charger Owner's Manual\_Eng qxd 2/29/2008 1:55 PM Page 1

## **Quiet Mobile Power**

Congratulations! You've purchased the most advanced, feature-rich Inverter/Charger designed for recreational vehicle applications. Tripp Lite RV Inverter/Chargers are the quiet alternative to gas generators—with no fumes, fuel or noise to deal with! You get AC electricity anywhere and anytime you need it: rolling down the highway, dry camping in majestic back country or parked overnight at a money-saving non-electric site. RV Inverter/Chargers provide your equipment with utility- or generator-supplied AC electricity (filtered through premium *ISOBAR*\* surge protection) whenever available. In addition, your RV Inverter/Charger automatically powers your RV's 12V system and recharges your connected battery bank—doing what traditional RV converter/chargers do. Whenever power blackouts, brownouts or high voltages occur, your RV Inverter/Charger immediately and automatically switches over to inverting battery output to power connected AC equipment.

Better for Your Equipment		<ul> <li>Premium Protection Levels</li> <li>Built-In <i>ISOBAR</i>* Surge Protection</li> <li>Automatic Overload Protection</li> </ul>		
		Ideal Output for All Loads <ul> <li>Frequency-Controlled Output</li> <li>Automatic Load Switching</li> <li>Balanced Load Sharing</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>High-Amp, 3-Stage Batter</li> <li>Critical Battery Protect</li> <li>Battery Charge Conserve</li> <li>Battery Temperature Senserve</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Faster Battery Recharge</li> <li>High-Amp, 3-Stage Battery Charger (adjustable)</li> <li>Critical Battery Protection</li> <li>Battery Charge Conserver (Load Sense)</li> <li>Battery Temperature Sensing</li> <li>High-Efficiency DC-to-AC Inversion</li> </ul>		
Better for You		<ul> <li>Quiet, Simple, Maintenance-Free Operation</li> <li>Multi-Function Lights &amp; Switches</li> <li>Automatic Generator Starting</li> <li>Dead Battery Startup</li> <li>Ignition Interlock &amp; In/Out Swap Protection</li> <li>Moisture-Resistant Construction*</li> </ul>		
	Со	ntents		
Safety	2	Battery Connection	9	
Feature Identification	3	AC Input/Output Connection 10		
Operation	4-5	Service/Maintenance 10		
Configuration	5-7	Troubleshooting <b>11</b>		
Battery Selection	7-8	Warranty/Warranty Registration 11		
Mounting	8			

\* Inverter/Chargers are moisture-resistant, not waterproof.

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# **Important Safety Instructions**



## SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS!

This manual contains important instructions and warnings that should be followed during the installation, operation and storage of all Tripp Lite Inverter/Chargers.

## **Location Warnings**

- Although your Inverter/Charger is moisture resistant, it is NOT waterproof. Flooding the unit with water will cause it to short circuit and could cause personal injury due to electric shock. Never immerse the unit, and avoid any area where standing water might accumulate. Mounting should be in the driest location available.
- Leave a minimum of 2" clearance at front and back of the Inverter/Charger for proper ventilation. To avoid automatic Inverter/Charger shutdown due to overtemperature, any compartment that contains the Inverter/Charger <u>must be</u> properly ventilated with adequate outside air flow. The heavier the load of connected equipment, the more heat will be generated by the unit.
- Do not install the Inverter/Charger directly near magnetic storage media, as this may result in data corruption.
- Do not install near flammable materials, fuel or chemicals.
- Do not mount unit with its front or rear panel facing down (at any angle). Mounting in this manner will seriously inhibit the unit's internal cooling, eventually causing product damage not covered under warranty.

## **Battery Connection Warnings**

- Multiple battery systems must be comprised of batteries of identical voltage, age, amp-hour capacity and type.
- Because explosive hydrogen gas can accumulate near batteries if they are not kept well ventilated, your batteries should not be installed (whether for a mobile or stationary application) in a "dead air" compartment. Ideally, any compartment would have some ventilation to outside air.
- Sparks may result during final battery connection. Always observe proper polarity as batteries are connected.
- Do not allow objects to contact the two DC input terminals. Do not short or bridge these terminals together. Serious personal injury or property damage could result.

## **Equipment Connection Warnings**

Use of this equipment in life support applications where failure of this equipment can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of the life support equipment or to significantly affect its safety or effectiveness is not recommended. Do not use this equipment in the presence of a flammable anesthetic mixture with air, oxygen or nitrous oxide.

- You may experience uneven performance results if you connect a surge suppressor, line conditioner or UPS system to the output of the Inverter/Charger.
- Corded Models: Do not modify the Inverter/Charger's plug or receptacle in a way that eliminates its ground connection. Do not use power adapters that will eliminate the plug's ground connection.
- Connect your Inverter/Charger only to a properly grounded AC power outlet or hardwired source. Do not plug the unit into itself; this will damage the device and void your warranty.
- Tripp Lite recommends wiring hardwired AC output to a GFCI (ground fault circuit interrupter) protector.
- The main grounding lug should be connected to the vehicle chassis with a minimum #8 AWG wire.

## **Operation Warnings**

- · Your Inverter/Charger does not require routine maintenance. Do not open the device for any reason. There are no user serviceable parts inside.
- Potentially lethal voltages exist within the Inverter/Charger as long as the battery supply and/or AC input are connected. During any service work, the battery supply and AC input connection (if any) should therefore be disconnected.
- Do not connect or disconnect batteries while the Inverter/Charger is operating in either inverting or charging mode. Operating Mode Switch should be in the DC OFF position. Dangerous arcing may result.



Caution: These models have a failsafe AC pass-through feature where the AC output will be live (if AC input is available) even though the operating mode switch is set to DC OFF.

# **Feature Identification**

Identify the premium features on your specific model and quickly locate instructions on how to maximize their use.

- **Configuration DIP Switches:** optimize Inverter/Charger operation depending on your application. See Configuration section for setting instructions.
- 2 Operating Mode Switch: controls Inverter/Charger operation. The "AUTO/REMOTE" setting ensures your equipment receives constant, uninterrupted AC power. It also enables the Inverter/Charger to be remotely monitored and controlled with an optional remote module (Trip Lite model APSRM4, sold separately). The "CHARGE ONLY" setting allows your batteries to return to full charge faster by turning the inverter off which halts battery discharging. The "DC OFF" setting de-energizes the unit and connects AC OUT to AC IN. See Operation section for setting instructions.
- **3** "LINE", "INVERT", "LOAD" LEDs: show whether the Inverter/Charger is operating from AC line power or DC battery power. It also warns you if the connected equipment load is too high. See Operation section for instructions on reading the indicator lights.
- **4** "BATT VOLTAGE" LEDs: these three lights will turn ON in several sequences to show approximate battery level. See Operation section for instructions on reading the indicator lights.
- **5 DC Power Terminals:** connect to your battery terminals. See Battery Connection section for instructions.
- **6** Ground Fault Interrupter (GFI) AC Receptacles (not on hardwire models): allow you to connect equipment that would normally be plugged into a utility outlet. They feature ground fault interrupter switches that trip if there is excessive current on the ground safety wire.
- 7 AC Input Cord (not on hardwire models): connects the Inverter/Charger to any source of utility- or generator-supplied AC power. See AC Input/Output Connection section for instructions.

- 8 Hardwire AC Input/Output Terminals (not on corded models): securely connect the Inverter/Charger to vehicle or facility electrical system input and recommended GFCI receptacle output. See AC Input/Output Connection section for instructions.
- P Resettable Circuit Breakers: protect your Inverter/Charger against damage due to overload or charger failure. See Operation section for resetting instructions.
- **10 Remote Control Module Connector:** allows remote monitoring and control with an optional module (Tripp Lite model APSRM4, sold separately or included with select models). See remote module owner's manual for connection instructions.
- **11 Battery Charge Conserver (Load Sense) Dial:** conserves battery power by setting the low-load level at which the Inverter/Charger's inverter automatically shuts off. See Configuration section for setting instructions.
- **12** Main Ground Lug: properly grounds the Inverter/Charger to vehicle grounding system or to earth ground. See Configuration section for instructions.
- **Multi-Speed Cooling Fan:** quiet, efficient fan prolongs equipment service life.
- 14 Hardwire AC Input/Output Cover Plate
- **15 Battery Temperature Sensing Connector:** prolongs battery life by adjusting charge based on battery temperature. Use with cable (included on select models). See Configuration section for details.
- **16** Automatic Generator Start Connector: automatically cycles generator based on battery voltage (included on select models). Use with user-supplied cable. See Configuration section for details.
- **17 Ignition Interlock Control Jack (select models only):** used to connect the inverter/charger to the vehicle ignition switch. Disables AC power outlet when the vehicle ignition switch is placed in the "Engine Run" position. See p. 8 for connection instructions.







# Operation

## Switch Modes

After configuring, mounting and connecting your Inverter/Charger, you are able to operate it by switching between the following operating modes as appropriate to your situation:

**AUTO/REMOTE:** Switch to this mode when you need constant, uninterrupted AC power for connected appliances and equipment. The Inverter/Charger will continue to supply AC power to connected equipment and to charge your connected batteries while utility-



DC CHARG

AUTO/ DC CHARI REMOTE OFF ONLY

or generator-supplied AC power is present. Since the inverter is ON (but in Standby) in this mode, it will automatically switch to your battery system to supply AC power to connected equipment in the absence of a utility/generator source or in over/under voltage situations. "AUTO/REMOTE" also enables an optional remote control module (Tripp Lite model APSRM4, sold separately or included with select models) to function when connected to the unit.

**CHARGE ONLY:** Switch to this mode when you are not using connected appliances and equipment in order to conserve battery power by disabling the inverter. The Inverter/Charger will continue to supply AC power to connected equipment and charge connected batteries while utility- or generator-sup-

plied AC power is present. However, since the inverter is OFF in this mode, it WILL NOT supply AC power to connected equipment in the absence of a utility/generator source or in over/under voltage situations.

**DC OFF:** Switch to this mode to prevent the inverter from drawing power from the batteries. Use this switch to automatically reset the unit if it shuts down due to overload or overheating. First remove the excessive load or allow the unit to sufficiently cool (applicable to example the term). Switch to unot be used to be used t

(applicable to your situation). Switch to "DC OFF", then back to "AUTO/REMOTE" or "CHARGE ONLY" as desired. If unit fails to reset, remove more load or allow unit to cool further and retry. Use an optional remote control module (Tripp Lite model APSRM4, sold separately) to reset unit due to overload and overtemperature.

CAUTION: The unit will always pass AC power through to connected equipment if plugged into a live AC outlet, regardless of the position of the Operating Mode Switch.

## Indicator Lights

Your Inverter/Charger (as well as an optional Tripp Lite Remote Control Module, sold separately or included with select models) is equipped with a simple, intuitive, user-friendly set of indicator lights. These easily-remembered "traffic light" signals will allow you, shortly after first use, to tell at a glance a wide variety of operating details.

**"LINE Green LED":** If the operating mode switch is set to "AUTO/REMOTE", this light will ILLUMI-NATE CONTINUOUSLY when your connected equipment is receiving continuous AC power supplied from a utility/generator source.



If the operating mode switch is set to "CHARGE ONLY", this light will BLINK to alert you that the unit's inverter is OFF and will NOT supply AC power in the absence of a utility/generator source or in over/under voltage situations.

**"INV" (Inverting) Yellow LED:** This light will ILLUMINATE CONTINUOUSLY whenever connected equipment is receiving battery-supplied, inverted AC power (in the absence of a utility/generator source or in over/under voltage situations). This



light will be off when AC power is supplying the load. This light will BLINK to alert you if the load is less than the Battery Charge Conserver (Load Sense) setting.

**"LOAD" Red LED:** This red light will ILLUMI-NATE CONTINUOUSLY whenever the inverter is functioning and the power demanded by connected appliances and equipment exceeds 100% of load capacity. The light will BLINK to alert you when the



inverter shuts down due to a severe overload or overheating. If this happens, turn the operating mode switch "OFF"; remove the overload and let the unit cool. You may then turn the operating mode switch to either "AUTO/REMOTE" or "CHARGE ONLY" after it has adequately cooled. This light will be off when AC power is supplying the load.

"BATT VOLTAGE" LEDs: If the operating mode switch is in the "AUTO/REMOTE" or "CHARGE ONLY" position, the LEDs indicate the approximate charge level and voltage of your connected battery bank and alert you to several fault conditions. See Chart for charge and voltage levels.

#### <u>LED Function with Switch in "AUTO/REMOTE" or "Charge</u> <u>Only" Position</u>

#### **Approximate Battery Charge Level\***

	LEDs	Battery Capacity	
	Illuminated	(Charging/Discharging)	
1	Green	91%–Full	1 2 3
2	Green & Yellow	81%-90%	
3	Yellow	61%-80%	
4	Yellow & Red	41%-60%	4 5 6
5	Red	21%-40%	
6	All three lights off	1%-20%	
7	Flashing red	0% (Inverter shutdown)**	7

\* Charge levels listed are approximate. Actual conditions vary

depending on battery condition and load. \*\* Inverter shutdown protects battery against damage due to excessive discharge.

#### **Fault Condition**

	LEDs Illuminated	Fault Condition	
1	All three lights flash slowly*	Excessive discharge (Inverter shutdown)	
2	All three lights flash quickly**	Overcharge (Charger shutdown)	

\*Approximately ½ second on, ½ second off. See Troubleshooting section. Inverter shutdown protects battery against damage due to excessive discharge. \*\* Approximately ¼ second on, ¼ second off. Charger shutdown protects battery against damage due to overcharge. May also indicate a battery charger fault exists. See Troubleshooting section.

# **Operation** (continued)

## **Resetting Your Inverter/Charger to Restore AC Power**

Your Inverter/Charger may cease supplying AC power or DC charging power in order to protect itself from overload or to protect your electrical system. To restore normal functioning:

**Overload Reset:** Switch operating mode switch to "OFF" and remove some of the connected electrical load (ie: turn off some of the AC devices drawing power which may have caused the overload of the unit). Wait one minute, then switch operating mode switch back to either "AUTO/REMOTE" or "CHARGE ONLY."

# Configuration

## Set Configuration DIP Switches

Using a small tool, set the Configuration DIP Switches (located on the front panel, see diagram) to optimize Inverter/Charger operation depending on your application. Refer to the appropriate section to review the instructions for your specific model.



# Group A DIP Switches (All Models)

Using a small tool, configure your Inverter/Charger by setting the four Group A DIP Switches (located on the front panel of your unit; see diagram) as follows:

5

## A1 Select Battery Type—REQUIRED

(All models)

**Battery Type** 

Gel Cell (Sealed) Battery

Wet Cell (Vented) Battery

**CAUTION:** The Battery Type DIP Switch setting must match the type of batteries you connect, or your batteries may be degraded or damaged over an extended period of time. See "Battery Selection," p. 7 for more information.

A4 A3 A2 A1 Gel Cell Gel Cell Wet Cell	

**Switch Position** 

Down (factory setting)

Up

## A2 Select ChargerEnable/Inhibit

(750 and 1250 models only) Switch is preset to ENABLE, which permits continuous battery charging. If you are connecting your unit to batteries with a separate charger, you



batteries with a separate charger, you may set this switch to INHIBIT to disable its built-in charger to prevent overcharging

Battery Type	Switch Position
Inhibit	Up
Enable	Down (factory setting)

A4 A3 Select Low AC Input Voltage Point for Switching to Battery— OPTIONAL*		
Voltage	Switch Position	
105V	#A4 Up & #A3 Up	
95V	#A4 Up & #A3 Down	
85V	#A4 Down & #A3 Up	
75V	#A4 Down & #A3 Down (factory setting)	

\* Most of your connected appliances and equipment will perform adequately when your Inverter/Charger's Low AC Voltage Input Point (DIP Switch #3 and #4 of Group A) are set to 95V. However, if the unit frequently switches to battery power due to momentary low line voltage swings that would have little effect on equipment operation, you may wish to adjust this setting. By decreasing the Low AC Voltage Input Point, you will reduce the number of times that your unit switches to battery due to voltage swings.



# Configuration (continued)

# Group B DIP Switches

## **B1 B2** Select Load Sharing—OPTIONAL

Your Inverter/Charger features a high-output battery charger that can draw a significant amount of AC power from your utility source or generator when charging at its maximum rate. If your unit is supplying its full AC power rating to its connected heavy electrical loads at the same time at this high charging occurs, the AC input circuit breaker could trip, resulting in the complete shut off of pass-though utility power.

To reduce the chance of tripping this breaker, all Inverter/Chargers automatically limit the input current as described in "Most Limiting" below. Hardwired models may be set to other limiting options that allow greater amounts of charging power when full output power is passed through. Verify that AC input wiring is rated for the higher current that results when using the other settings.

## Select Battery Charger-Limiting Points

**"Most Limiting"** (#B2 & #B1 Up): Charger-limiting takes effect the moment any 120V AC load is applied; charger output falls gradually from full output at no 120V load passing through to no output at full load (factory setting).



B2 B1

B2 B1 Reset

Equalize

B4 B3

B4 B3

"Less Limiting" (#B2 Up & #B1 Down): Charger-limiting begins when the Inverter/Charger's load reaches 33% of the Inverter/Charger's load rating. Charger output falls gradually from full output at 33% of

the Inverter/Charger's load rating to about 33% of full output at full load.

## **B3** Select Equalize Battery Charge—OPTIONAL

This DIP Switch is momentarily engaged to begin the process of equalizing the charge state of your battery's cells by time-limited overcharge of all cells. This can extend the useful life of certain types of batteries; con-

sult with your battery's manufacturer to determine if your batteries could benefit from this process. The charge equalization process is automatic; once started, it can only be stopped by removing the input power.

## **B4** Set Battery Charging Amps—OPTIONAL

Check specifications for your unit's highand low-charging amp options. By setting on high charging, your batteries will charge at maximum speed and your RV 12V DC system loads will be well-sup-

B4 B3 B2 B1 Low Charge Amp

plied. When setting on low charging, you lengthen the life of your batteries (especially smaller ones).

## Set Battery Charge Conserver (Load Sense) Dial-OPTIONAL

In order to save battery power, the unit's inverter automatically shuts off in the absence of any power demand from connected equipment or appliances (the electrical load). When the unit detects a load, it automatically turns its inverter function on. Users may choose the minimum load the Inverter/Charger will detect by adjusting the Battery Charge Conserver Dial (see diagram). Using a small tool, turn the dial clockwise to lower the minimum load that will be detected, causing the inverter to turn on for smaller loads. When the dial is turned fully clockwise, the inverter will operate even when there is no load. Turn the dial counter-



terclockwise to increase the minimum load that will be detected, causing the inverter to stay off until the new minimum load is reached. Note: the factory setting for the dial is fully clockwise. However, based on the threshold load to which you'd like the inverter to respond, you should adjust the dial counterclockwise to reduce its sensitivity until the inverter is active only when connected equipment or appliances are actually in use.

## Connect Remote Control—OPTIONAL

All models feature an 8-conductor telephone style receptacle on the front panel for use with an optional remote control module (Tripp Lite model APSRM, sold separately or included with select models). The remote module allows the Inverter/Charger to be mounted in a compartment or cabinet out of sight, while operated conveniently from within the living area or control panel of your RV. See instructions packed with the remote control module.

"Least Limiting" (#B2 Down & #B1 Up): Charger-limiting begins when the Inverter/Charger's load reaches 66% of the Inverter/Charger's load rating. Charger output falls gradually from full output at 66% of the Inverter/Charger's load rating to about 66



the Inverter/Charger's load rating to about 66% of full output at full load.

**"No Limiting"** (#B2 & #B1 Down): No charger-limiting occurs at any load size.



## Setting Procedure

- Move to "Equalize" (DOWN) position for three seconds.
- Move to "Reset" (UP) position and leave it there. This is the factory default setting.

CAUTION: Do not leave DIP switch #B3 in the down position after beginning process. Battery charge equalization should only be performed in strict accordance with the battery manufacturer's instructions and specifications.

Battery Charge	Switch Position	
Reset	Up (factory setting)	
Equalize	Down-momentarily	
Battery Charger	Switch Position	
Battery Charger Low Charge Amps	Switch Position Up	

*CAUTION:* When switching to the High Charge Amp setting, the user must ensure that the amp hour capacity of their battery system exceeds the amperage of the High Charge Amp setting or the batteries may be damaged or degraded.

# Configuration (continued)

#### **Connect Battery Temperature Sensing Cable—OPTIONAL**

The battery temperature sensing function prolongs battery life by adjusting the charge float voltage level based on battery temperature. Connect the sensor cable (the cable, included with select models, has an RJ style connector on one end and a black sensor on the other) to the RJ style jack located on the side of the Inverter/Charger labeled "Remote Temp. Sense." With user-supplied electrical or duct tape, affix the sensor to the side of the battery below the electrolyte level. Make sure that nothing, not even tape, comes between the sensor and the side of the battery. To guard against false readings due to ambient temperature, place the sensor between batteries, if possible, or away from sources of extreme heat or cold. If the sensor cable is not used, the Inverter/Charger will charge according to its default 25° C values.

#### Utilize Automatic Generator Starter Capability—OPTIONAL

All models except 612 models include an RJ type modular jack on the side panel labeled "Generator Start". Attach to vehicle generator ON/OFF switching mechanism with user-supplied cable (see Pin Configuration Diagram). Once attached, the interface will allow the Inverter/Charger to automatically switch a vehicle generator on when connected battery voltage levels are low (11.6 VDC) and switch it off when battery voltage levels are high (14.1 VDC).

	Pin Configuration 2 - Common 3 - N.C. (Normally Closed) 4 - N.O. (Normally Open)
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Ignition Interlock Control function (optional): This function automatically disables (turns OFF) AC power output from the Inverter/Charger when the vehicle's ignition switch is placed in the "Engine Run" position. This function will satisfy local codes and requirements concerning video monitors or TVs that are located within a driver's view by automatically turning them off when the engine is started.

# **Battery Selection**

## Select Auxiliary Battery Type (if any)

Select "Deep Cycle" batteries to receive optimum performance from your Inverter/Charger. Do not use ordinary car or starting batteries or batteries rated in Cold Cranking Amps (CCA). If the batteries you connect to the Inverter/Charger are not true Deep Cycle batteries, their operational lifetimes may be significantly shortened. If you are using the same battery bank to power the Inverter/Charger as well as DC loads, your battery bank will need to be appropriately sized (larger loads will require a battery bank with a larger amp-hour capacity) or the operational lifetimes of the batteries may be significantly shortened.

Batteries of either Wet-Cell (vented) or Gel-Cell /Absorbed Glass Mat (sealed) construction are ideal. 6-volt "golf cart", Marine Deep-Cycle or 8D Deep-Cycle batteries are also acceptable. You must set the Inverter/Charger's Battery Type DIP Switch (see Configuration section for more information) to match the type of batteries you connect or your batteries may be degraded or damaged over an extended period of time. In many cases, the vehicle battery may be the only one installed. Auxiliary batteries must be identical to the vehicle batteries if they are connected to each other.

## Match Battery Amp-Hour Capacity to Your Application

Select a battery or system of batteries that will provide your Inverter/Charger with proper DC voltage and an adequate amp-hour capacity to power your application. Even though Tripp Lite Inverter/Chargers are highly-efficient at DC-to-AC inversion, their rated output capacities are limited by the total amp-hour capacity of connected batteries and the support of your vehicle's alternator if the engine is kept running.

7

#### • STEP 1: Determine Total Wattage Required

Add the wattage ratings of all equipment you will connect to your Inverter/Charger. Wattage ratings are usually listed in equipment manuals or on nameplates. If your equipment is rated in amps, multiply that number times AC utility voltage to determine watts. (Example: a  $\frac{1}{4}$  in. drill requires  $\frac{2}{2}$  amps.  $\frac{2}{2}$  amps × 120 volts = 300 watts.)

Note: Your Inverter/Charger will operate at higher efficiencies at about 75% - 80% of nameplate rating.



#### • STEP 2: Determine DC Battery Amps Required

Divide the total wattage required (from step 1, above) by the battery voltage (12) to determine the DC amps required.



# Battery Selection (continued)

# • **STEP 3: Estimate Battery Amp-Hours Required** (for operation unsupported by the alternator)

Multiply the DC amps required (from step 2, above) by the number of hours you estimate you will operate your equipment exclusively from battery power before you have to recharge your batteries with utility- or generator-supplied AC power. Compensate for inefficiency by multiplying this number by 1.2. This will give you a rough estimate of how many amp-hours of battery power (from one or several batteries) you should connect to your Inverter/Charger.

## 45 DC Amps × 5 Hrs. Runtime × 1.2 Inefficiency Rating = 270 Amp-Hours

NOTE! Battery amp-hour ratings are usually given for a 20-hour discharge rate. Actual amp-hour capacities are less when batteries are discharged at faster rates. For example, batteries discharged in 55 minutes provide only 50% of their listed amp-hour ratings, while batteries discharged in 9 minutes provide as little as 30% of their amp-hour ratings.

• STEP 4: Estimate Battery Recharge Required, Given Your Application You must allow your batteries to recharge long enough to replace the charge lost during inverter operation or else you will eventually run down your batteries. To estimate the minimum amount of time you need to recharge your batteries given your application, divide your required battery amp-hours (from step 3, above) by your Inverter/Charger's rated charging amps (see Specifications section).

## 270 Amp-Hours ÷ 55 Amps Inverter/Charger Rating = <mark>5 Hours Recharge</mark>

NOTE! For Tripp Lite Inverter/Chargers providing 1000 watts or less of continuous AC power, a full-size battery will normally allow sufficient power for many applications before recharging is necessary. For mobile applications, if a single battery is continuously fed by an alternator at high idle or faster, then recharging from utility or generator power may not be necessary. For Tripp Lite Inverter/Chargers over 1000 watts used in mobile applications, Tripp Lite recommends you use at least two batteries, if possible fed by a heavy-duty alternator anytime the vehicle is running. Tripp Lite Inverter/Chargers will provide adequate power for ordinary usage within limited times without the assistance of utility or generator power. However, when operating extremely heavy electrical loads at their peak in the absence of utility power, you may wish to "assist your batteries" by running an auxiliary generator or vehicle engine, and doing so at faster than normal idling.

# Mounting



# WARNING! Mount your Inverter/Charger BEFORE DC battery and AC power connection. Failure to follow these instructions may lead to personal injury and/or damage to the Inverter/Charger and connected systems.

Tripp Lite manufactures a variety of different Inverter/Chargers with a variety of different mounting options for use in vehicular or non-vehicular applications. Tripp Lite recommends permanent mounting of your Inverter/Charger in any of the configurations illustrated below. User must supply mounting hardware and is responsible for determining if the hardware and mounting surface are suitable to support the weight of the Inverter/Charger. Contact Tripp Lite if you require further assistance in mounting your Inverter/Charger.

# Vehicular and Non-Vehicular Horizontal Mount

(750 & 1250 models only)

▲ Using the measurements from the diagram, install two user-supplied <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" (6 mm) fasteners into a rigid horizontal surface, leaving the heads slightly raised. <sup>B</sup> Slide the Inverter/Charger back over the fasteners to engage the mounting slots molded on the bottom of the Inverter/Charger cabinet. <sup>C</sup> Install and tighten two user-supplied <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" (6 mm) fasteners into the mounting feet molded on the front of the Inverter/Charger cabinet.



The polycarbonate cabinet and mounting feet of your Inverter/Charger are durable enough to allow for wall mounting as well (if your vehicle compartment requires this configuration). For wall mounting, the control panel of the Inverter/Charger must face to the side and not up or down.

Allow 2" minimum front and rear clearance for adequate ventilation.

# **Battery Connection**

#### Connect your Inverter/Charger to your batteries using the following procedures:

• **Connect DC Wiring:** Though your Inverter/Charger is a high-efficiency converter of electricity, its rated output capacity is limited by the length and gauge of the cabling running from the battery to the unit. Use the shortest length and largest diameter cabling (maximum 2/0 gauge) to fit your Inverter/Charger's DC Input terminals. Shorter and heavier gauge cabling reduces DC voltage drop and allows for maximum transfer of current. Your Inverter/Charger is capable of delivering peak wattage at up to 200% of its rated continuous wattage output for brief periods of time. Heavier gauge cabling should be used when continuously operating heavy draw equipment under these conditions. Tighten your Inverter/Charger and battery terminals to approximately 3.5 Newton-meters of torque to create an efficient connection and to prevent excessive heating at this connection. Insufficient tightening of the terminals could void your warranty.



Maximum Recommended DC Cable Length:

	Max Distance from Battery to Unit in Feet				
AWG	6	4	2	0	00
Pout					
750	10	16	26	42	52
1250			16	25	31
1500				21	26
2000					20

• **Connect Ground:** Using a #8 AWG wire or larger directly connect the Main Ground Lug to the vehicle's chassis or earth ground. See the

Feature Identification section to locate the Main Ground Lug on your specific Inverter/Charger model. All installations must comply with national and local codes and ordinances.

• **Connect Fuse:** NEC (National Electrical Code) article 551 requires that you connect all of your Inverter/Charger's positive DC Terminals directly to a UL-listed fuse(s) and fuse block(s) within 18 inches of the battery. The fuse's rating must equal or exceed the Minimum DC Fuse Rating listed in your Inverter/Charger's nameplate. See diagrams on page 9 for proper fuse placement.

WARNING! • Failure to properly ground your Inverter/Charger to a vehicle's chassis or earth ground may result in a lethal electrical shock hazard.

- Never attempt to operate your Inverter/Charger by connecting it directly to output from an alternator rather than a battery or battery bank.
- Observe proper polarity with all DC connections.

## Vehicular

Your Inverter/Charger's Nominal DC Input Voltage must match the voltage of your battery or batteries—12 Volts in most vehicular applications.

It is possible to connect your Inverter/Charger to the main battery within your vehicle's electrical system. In most vehicles, the Inverter/Charger will be connected to one or more dedicated auxiliary (house) batteries which are isolated from the drive system to prevent possible draining of the main battery.



12 Volt Main Battery Connection



1 12 Volt Alternator 2 Vehicle Battery Ground 3 12 Volt Main Battery 4 12 Volt Auxiliary (House) Battery 5 UL-Listed Fuse & Fuse Block (mounted within 18 inches of the battery) 6 Battery Isolator 7 Large Diameter Cabling, Maximum 2/0 Gauge to Fit Terminals 8 8 AWG (minimum) Ground Wire

9

# **AC Input/Output Connection**

To avoid overloading your Inverter/Charger, match the power requirements of the equipment you plan to run at any one time (add their total watts) with the output wattage capacity of your Inverter/Charger model (see Specifications). Do not confuse "continuous" wattage with "peak" wattage ratings. Most electric motors require extra power at start-up ("peak wattage") than required to run continuously after start-up, sometimes over 100% more. Some motors, such as in refrigerators and pumps, start and stop intermittently according to demand, requiring "peak wattage" at multiple, unpredictable times during operation. DoubleBoost™ Feature: Tripp Lite Inverter/Chargers deliver up to twice their nameplate rated wattage for up to 10 seconds,\* providing the extra power needed to cold start heavy-duty tools and equipment. OverPower™ Feature: Tripp Lite Inverter/Chargers deliver up to 150% of their name-plate rated wattage for up to 1 hour,\* providing plenty of reserve power to reliably support tools and equipment longer.

\* Actual duration depends on model, battery age, battery charge level and ambient temperature.

## **Connection for Models with Cords and Receptacles**

Plug the Inverter/Charger's AC input cord into an outlet providing 120V AC, 60Hz. power. Make sure that the circuit you connect your Inverter/Charger to has adequate overload protection, such as a circuit breaker or a fuse. Plug your equipment into the Inverter/Charger's AC receptacles. Any equipment you connect to it will benefit from your Inverter/Charger's built-in *ISOBAR*<sup>®</sup> surge protection!



Warning! Consult a qualified electrician and follow all applicable electrical codes and requirements for hardwire connection. Disconnect both DC input and AC utility supply before attempting hardwiring. Use wire type THHN or equivalent with minimum temperature rating of 90°C.

## **Connection for Models with Hardwire Terminals**

Output Connection Requirement: UL requires that the output terminals of all hardwire Inverter/Charger models must be connected to UL-listed GFCI receptacles (required receptacle manufacturer/model series: Hubbell GFR5252WA or Leviton 8599). When wiring GFCI receptacles to output terminals, follow the instructions provided with the GFCI receptacles.

#### Single Input/Output Models

Input: Connect incoming wires to the hot (brown) 2, neutral (blue) 3 and ground\* (green) terminals 1.

**Output:** Connect outgoing wires to the hot (black) 4, neutral (white) 5 and ground\* (green) terminals 1.



Replace cover plate and tighten screws.\* If the incoming conduit only contains two wires (hot and neutral), the incoming conduit must be bonded to the main ground lug on the unit. In any case, the incoming conduit must be bonded to earth or vehicle ground, and the incoming conduit must be bonded to the outgoing conduit.

# Service

Before returning your Inverter/Charger for service, follow these steps: 1.) Review the installation and operation instructions to ensure that the service problem does not originate from a misreading of the instructions. Also, check that the circuit breaker(s) are not tripped.\* 2.) If the problem continues, <u>do not</u> contact or return the Inverter/Charger to the dealer. Instead, call Tripp Lite at (773) 869-1234. A service technician will ask for the Inverter/Charger's model number, serial number and purchase date and will attempt to correct the problem over the phone. 3.) If the problem requires service, the technician will issue you a Returned Material Authorization (RMA) number, which is required for service. Securely pack the Inverter/Charger to avoid damage during shipping. Do not use Styrofoam beads for packaging.\*\* Any damages (direct, indirect, special, incidental or consequential) to the Inverter/Charger incurred during shipment to Tripp Lite or an authorized Tripp Lite service center is not covered under warranty. Inverter/Chargers shipped to Tripp Lite or an authorized Tripp Lite service center is not covered under warranty. Inverter/Charger for service using an insured carrier to the address given to you by the Tripp Lite service technician.

\* This is a common cause of service inquiries which can be easily remedied by following the resetting instructions in this manual. \*\* If you require packaging, the technician can arrange to send you proper packaging.

# Maintenance

Your Inverter/Charger requires no maintenance and contains no user-serviceable or replaceable parts, but should be kept dry at all times. Periodically check, clean and tighten all cable connections, as necessary, both at the unit and at the battery.

# Troubleshooting

Try these remedies for common Inverter/Charger problems before calling for assistance. Call Tripp Lite Customer Service at (773) 869-1234 before returning your unit for service.

SYMPTOM	PROBLEMS	CORRECTIONS
No AC Output	Unit is not properly connected to utility power	Connect unit to utility power.
(All Indicator Lights are OFF)	Operating Mode Switch is set to "DC OFF" and AC input is present.	Set Operating Mode Switch to "AUTO/REMOTE" or "CHARGE ONLY"
	This is normal when the Operating Mode Switch is set to "CHARGE ONLY" and AC input is absent.	No correction is required. AC output will return when AC input returns. Set Operating Mode Switch to "AUTO/REMOTE" if you require AC output.
	Output circuit breaker is tripped.	Reset circuit breaker.
	Unit has shut down due to battery overcharge (preventing battery damage). The problem may be with connected auxiliary chargers, if any, or with the unit's charger.	Disconnect any auxiliary chargers. Reset by moving Operating Mode Switch to "DC OFF". Wait 1 minute and switch to "AUTO/REMOTE" or "CHARGE ONLY." If unit remains in shutdown mode after several attempts to reset, contact Tripp Lite Customer Service for assistance.
	Unit has shut down due to excessive battery discharge.	Use an auxiliary charger* to raise battery voltage. Check external battery connections and fuse. Unit automatically resets when condition is cleared.
	Connected batteries are dead.	Check and replace old batteries.
	Unit has shut down due to overload.	Reduce load. Reset by moving Operating Mode Switch to "DC OFF". Wait 1 minute. Switch to "AUTO/REMOTE" or "CHARGE ONLY".
Battery Not Recharging	Connected batteries are dead.	Check and replace old batteries.
(AC Input Present)	Battery fuse* is blown.	Check and replace fuse.*
	Battery cabling* is loose.	Check and tighten or replace cabling.*
	Unit has shut down due to battery overcharge (preventing battery damage). The problem may be with connected auxiliary chargers, if any, or with the unit's charger.	Disconnect any auxiliary chargers. Reset by moving Operating Mode Switch to "DC OFF". Wait 1 minute and switch to "AUTO/REMOTE" or "CHARGE ONLY." If unit remains in shutdown mode after several attempts to reset, contact Tripp Lite Customer Service for assistance.
	Charger Enable/Inhibit Switch inadvertently set to "INHIBIT".	Set Charger Enable/Inhibit Switch to "ENABLE".
	Charger circuit breaker is tripped.	Reset circuit breaker.
All Three "BATT VOLT/CHRG CURR" LEDs are slowly flashing (½ second flashes) with Operating Mode Switch in the "AUTO/REMOTE" position.	Battery is excessively discharged. Unit will shut down to prevent battery damage.	Use an auxiliary charger* to raise battery voltage. Check external battery connections and fuse. Unit automatically resets when condition is cleared.
All Three "BATT VOLT/CHRG CURR" LEDs are rapidly flashing (¼ second flashes) with Operating Mode Switch in the "AUTO/REMOTE" position.	Battery is overcharged. Unit will shut down to prevent battery damage. The problem may be with connected auxiliary chargers, if any, or with the unit's charger.	Disconnect any auxiliary chargers. Reset by moving Operating Mode Switch to "DC OFF". Wait 1 minute and switch to "AUTO/REMOTE." If unit remains in shutdown mode after several attempts to reset, contact Tripp Lite Customer Service for assistance.
Red "LOW" Battery Indicator Light is flashing with Operating Mode Switch in the "AUTO/REMOTE" position.	Battery voltage is low. Unit has shut down to protect battery from damage.	If AC power (utility- or generator-supplied) is present, the unit will automatically reset itself and start recharging connected batteries. However, if an external charger is used to recharge the batteries, you will need to manually reset the unit by moving the Operating Mode Switch to "DC OFF" for two seconds then returning it to "AUTO/REMOTE".
	False reading due to undersized or insufficiently connected DC cabling.	Use sufficient size DC cable sufficiently connected to Inverter/Charger.
Red "LOAD" Operation Indicator Light flashing	Inverter is overloaded. Unit will automatically shut down after 5 seconds.	Reduce load. Reset by moving Operating Mode Switch to "DC OFF". Wait 1 minute. Switch to "AUTO/REMOTE" or "CHARGE ONLY".

#### \* User-supplied.

Regulatory Compliance Identification Numbers: For the purpose of regulatory compliance certifications and identification, your Tripp Lite product has been assigned a unique series number. The series number can be found on the product nameplate label, along with all required approval makings and information. When requesting compliance for this product, always refer to the series number. The series number should not be confused with the makings name or model number of the product.

# Limited Warranty

Tripp Lite warrants its Inverter/Chargers to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a 30 month period from the date of retail purchase by end user.

Tripp Lite's obligation under this warranty is limited to repairing or replacing (at its sole option) any such defective products. To obtain service under this warranty you must obtain a Returned Material Authorization (RMA) number from Tripp Lite or an authorized Tripp Lite service center. Products must be returned to Tripp Lite or an authorized Tripp Lite service center with transportation charges prepaid and must be accompanied by a brief description of the problem encountered and proof of date and place of purchase. This warranty does not apply to equipment which has been damaged by accident, negligence or misapplication or has been altered or modified in any way, including opening of the unit's casing for any reason. This warranty applies only to the original purchaser who must have properly registered the product within 10 days of retail purchase.

EXCEPT AS PROVIDED HEREIN, TRIPP LITE MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FIT-NESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Some states do not permit limitation or exclusion of implied warranties; therefore, the aforesaid limitation(s) or exclusion(s) may not apply to the purchaser.

EXCEPT AS PROVIDED ABOVE, IN NO EVENT WILL TRIPP LITE BE LIABLE FOR DIRECT, INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE. Specifically, Tripp Lite is not liable for any costs, such as lost profits or revenue, loss of equipment, loss of use of equipment, loss of software, loss of data, costs of substitutes, claims by third parties, or otherwise.

Tripp Lite follows a policy of continuous improvement. Product specifications are subject to change without notice.

Made in China.

## WARRANTY REGISTRATION

11

Visit www.tripplite.com/warranty to register the warranty of your new Tripp Lite product. You'll be automatically entered into a drawing for a chance to win a FREE Tripp Lite product!\*

\* No purchase necessary. Void where prohibited. Some restrictions apply. See website for details.



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## 12